The distribution code T shown in a 1099-R box 7 signifies a “Roth IRA distribution, exception applies”. The distribution code J in a 1099-R box 7 signifies an “Early distribution from a Roth IRA”. There are situations where an IRA custodian will use codes J or T rather than code Q which signifies a non-taxable distribution. The process below defines what a qualified distribution is and how to make a code J or T non-taxable.

**Roth IRA Qualified Distribution (4012 NTTC Modified page D-36)**

A qualified distribution is any payment or distribution from your Roth IRA that meets the following requirements:

* It is made after the 5-year period beginning with the first taxable year for which a contribution was made to a Roth IRA set up for your benefit, and
* The payment or distribution is:
  + Made on or after the date you reach age 59 ½ or
  + Made because you are disabled or
  + Made to a beneficiary or to your estate after your death – OUT OF SCOPE, or
  + Made to pay up to $10,000 (lifetime limit) of certain qualified first-time homebuyer amounts -OUT OF SCOPE

**Steps to take**

Discuss with the taxpayer that the distribution as coded in the 1099R will be taxable.

* If in fact it is not a qualified distribution, the return is OUT OF SCOPE.
* If the taxpayer feels it is a qualified distribution as defined above, there are two options.
  + Go back to the custodian of the IRA and have them change the 1099-R box 7 to Code Q or
  + We can enter it as a code J or T and change it to non-taxable**. The taxpayer must be made aware that if challenged by the IRS they would have to show proof that the distribution was a qualified distribution and not taxable**.

**Process for making a code J or T non-taxable**

1. Enter the 1099-R as you would normally and put Code J or T in box 7
2. In box 2a of the 1099-R enter zero
3. Check that the amount from box 1 is not shown as taxable on line 1040 line 4b and NJ 1040 line 20a.